HELLO EVERYONE
WHAT IS INTERIOR DESIGN?
Qualified by means of education, experience, and examination, interior designers have a moral and ethical responsibility to protect consumers and occupants through the design of code-compliant, accessible, and inclusive interior environments that address well-being, while considering the complex physical, mental, and emotional needs of people.
Design and manage the interior environment with knowledge and skills in:

- Space planning
- Interior building materials and finishes
- Casework & millwork
- Furniture, furnishings, and equipment
- Lighting
- Acoustics
- Wayfinding
- Ergonomics and anthropometrics

  - designing and arranging things people use so that the people and objects interact most efficiently and safely.
  - the measurement of the size and proportions of the human body.
An in-depth analysis of how physical space is used in structures.

It considers the purpose of spaces and who will use them.

Ensures efficient use of floor space.
The selection of materials for all exposed interior surfaces; floors, walls, ceilings. For aesthetic, functional, durability, and safety purposes.

Custom millwork and casework design including, but not limited to, wall paneling, display counters, custom cabinets, and built-in seating.

Selecting and specifying movable furniture, fixtures, or other equipment that have no permanent connection to the structure of a building.
Light sets the mood and ambience into a space and highlights the other elements including space, line and forms.

Acoustics deals with sound in the built environment. Interior designers need to understand acoustics to help manipulate sound.

- Space planning that minimizes unwanted sound transmission between spaces; i.e., Walls and floors.
- Specifying absorptive or reflective finish materials.
- Planning spaces with similar uses and noise levels adjacent to each other
- Enhancing acoustic performance